YEAR 12 Autumn 1 & 2	Content, Skills & Objectives	T&L resources & Key Words (vocabulary focus for NHTW)	Marking & Feedback: Assessment & Homework	CEIAG opps including roles and competencies	Standardisation/ Moderation
	Paper 1 (Drama) Section A: Othello by William Shakespeare (Teacher A) Section B: A Streetcar Named Desire by Tennessee Williams (Teacher B) Students are required to: • show knowledge and understanding of how playwrights use dramatic forms to shape meaning in drama texts and evoke responses in audiences • show knowledge and understanding of the contexts in which texts have been produced and received and understanding of how these contexts influence meaning • show knowledge and understanding of a range of literary texts and make connections and explore the relationships between texts • show knowledge and understanding of a range of ways to read and experience texts, responding critically and creatively • respond to and evaluate texts, drawing on their understanding of interpretations by different readers such as literary critics • identify and explore how attitudes and values are expressed in texts • communicate fluently, accurately and effectively their knowledge, understanding and evaluation of texts • use literary critical concepts and terminology with understanding and discrimination • make appropriate use of the conventions of writing in literary studies, referring accurately and appropriately to texts and sources.	Tell resources: PowerPoint resources available on shared area covering summaries, commentaries, analysis and evaluation of key scenes and appropriate activities for lessons. Interactive resources available for teaching of social and historical context surrounding texts: memory recall map. Philip Allan Literature Guide publications on Othello and A Streetcar Named Desire. York Notes Advanced publications on Othello and A Streetcar Named Desire. DVD: Othello (Kenneth Branagh, Laurence Fishburne, 1995); A Streetcar Named Desire (Marlon Brando, Vivien Leigh, 1951). Key words: Other literary terms to be covered during the teaching of Othello and A Streetcar Named Desire, but the following to provide a focus: Allegory Antagonist Authorial voice Coup de théâtre Expressionist Foreshadowing Hubris Melodrama Metaphor Motif Pathos Protagonist Symbolism Tableau vivant Tragedy Further key vocabulary: http://holytrinity.academy/wp-content/uploads/2017/04/Literary-Terminology.pdf	Assessment: Formative assessment on how chosen theme is presented in an extract in both plays (September). Full mock examination for Paper 1 (November). Section A: EITHER 7 Explore Shakespeare's presentation of the relationship between Othello and lago in Othello. You must relate your discussion to relevant contextual factors and ideas from your critical reading. OR 8 Explore how Shakespeare treats the theme of love in Othello. You must relate your discussion to relevant contextual factors and ideas from your critical reading. Section B: EITHER 23 Explore the presentation of desire in A Streetcar Named Desire. You must relate your discussion to relevant contextual factors. OR 24 Explore the ways in which Williams presents masculinity in A Streetcar Named Desire. You must relate your discussion to relevant contextual factors. Homework: Teachers are encouraged to set a variety of tasks, including: • Independent research tasks linked to context e.g. Jacobean England for Othello; 1940s American society for A Streetcar Named Desire. • Collaborative planning tasks: students working in small groups to plan a response to an exam-style question. • Further reading relevant to the study of tragedies and their relevance to theatre today.	Careers – job roles: Actor / Actress Archivist Artistic director Casting director Digital copywriter Director Editorial assistant Education consultant Librarian Magazine journalist Marketing executive Media researcher Newspaper journalist Playwright Producer Public relations officer Publishing copyeditor Teacher Web content manager Writer Careers – employability links: Aiming high Literacy Creativity Numeracy Leadership Independence Listening Communication Presenting Teamwork Problem solving Staying positive	Misconceptions: Analysis of form and structure, confusion between the two. Exploring alternative interpretations / different views of character and theme. Errors in application of social and historical context e.g. bolted on context rather than relevant and appropriate contextual information which is integrated into analytical writing. Some confusion between similarly minor characters in A Streetcar Named Desire e.g. Steve and Pablo. Omission of consideration of playwright's intentions and motives when analysing techniques / methods. Misuse and poor application of critical theory from anthology when analysing Othello.

<u>Spring</u> 1 & 2	Content, Skills & Objectives	T&L resources & Key Words (vocabulary focus for NHTW)	Marking & Feedback: Assessment & Homework	CEIAG opps including roles and competencies	Standardisation/ Moderation
	Paper 2 (Prose) Frankenstein by Mary Shelley (Teacher A) Paper 3 (Poetry): Section A Poems of the Decade: An Anthology of the Forward Books of Poetry 2002 - 2011 (Teacher B) Poetry: Students are required to: • show knowledge and understanding of the function of genre features and conventions in poetry • show knowledge and understanding of a range of ways to read texts, including reading for detail of how writers use and adapt language, form and structure in texts, responding critically and creatively • show knowledge and understanding of a range of literary texts and make connections and explore the relationships between texts • show knowledge and understanding of the ways that texts can be grouped and compared to inform interpretation • show knowledge and understanding of the contexts in which texts have been produced and received and understanding of how these contexts influence meaning • communicate fluently, accurately and effectively their knowledge, understanding and critical evaluation of texts • identify and explore how attitudes and values are expressed in texts • use literary critical concepts and terminology with understanding and discrimination • make appropriate use of the conventions of writing in literary studies referring accurately and appropriately to texts and sources.	T&L resources: PowerPoint resources available on shared area covering chapter summaries, commentaries, analysis and evaluation of key extracts and appropriate activities for lessons. Interactive resources available for teaching of social and historical context surrounding texts. Philip Allan Literature Guide publications on Frankenstein and Poems of the Decade. York Notes Advanced publications on Frankenstein. All students have their own copy of the anthology printed for annotation. Students are provided with a clean copy for the examination. All of the following poems must be taught alongside unseen poetry skills. Students will be expected to compare one of the named poems to an unseen poem: Eat Me by Patience Agbabi Chainsaw Versus the Pampas Grass by Simon Armitage Material by Ros Barber History by John Burnside An Easy Passage by Julia Copus The Deliverer by Tishani Doshi The Lammas Hireling by Ian Duhig To My Nine-Year-Old Self by Helen Dunmore A Minor Role by U.A. Fanthorpe The Gun by Vicki Feaver The Furthest Distances I've Travelled by Leontia Flynn Giuseppe by Roderick Ford Out of the Bag by Seamus Heaney Effects by Alan Jenkins Genetics by Sinead Morrissey From the Journal of a Disappointed Man by Andrew Motion Look We Have Coming to Dover! by Daljit Nagra Please Hold by Ciaran O'Driscoll On Her Blindness by Adam Thorpe Ode on a Grayson Perry Urn by Tim Turnbull	Assessment: Formative assessment on how chosen theme / character is presented in an extract in prose text (January). Comparative poetry essay of two studied poems. Full mock examination for Paper 3 Section A only (March). EITHER 1 Read the poem Growth by Les Murray on page 2 of the source booklet and reread the anthology poem A Minor Role by U A Fanthorpe (on page 3). Compare the methods both poets use to explore responses to serious illness. (Total for Question 1 = 30 marks) OR 2 Read the poem Growth by Les Murray on page 2 of the source booklet and reread the anthology poem To My Nine-Year-Old Self by Helen Dunmore (on page 4). Compare the methods both poets use to explore adults looking back on childhood incidents. (Total for Question 2 = 30 marks)	Careers – job roles: Actor / Actress Archivist Artistic director Casting director Digital copywriter Director Editorial assistant Education consultant Librarian Magazine journalist Marketing executive Media researcher Newspaper journalist Playwright Producer Public relations officer Publishing copyeditor Teacher Web content manager Writer Careers – employability links: Aiming high Literacy Creativity Numeracy Leadership Independence Listening Communication Presenting Teamwork Problem solving Staying positive	Common misconceptions:
<u>Summer</u> 1 & 2	Content, Skills & Objectives	T&L resources & Key Words (vocabulary focus for NHTW)	Marking & Feedback: Assessment & Homework	CEIAG opps including roles and competencies	Standardisation/ Moderation
	Paper 2 (Prose) A Handmaid's Tale by Margaret Attwood (Teacher A) NEA (Coursework unit) A comparative essay of two literature texts: student choice (Teacher B) Prose: Students are required to: • show knowledge and understanding of how genre features and conventions operate in prose fiction texts • show knowledge and understanding of a range of ways to read texts, including reading for detail of	 PowerPoint resources available on shared area covering chapter summaries, commentaries, analysis and evaluation of key extracts and appropriate activities for lessons. Interactive resources available for teaching of social and historical context surrounding texts. Philip Allan Literature Guide publications on A Handmaid's Tale. York Notes Advanced publications on A Handmaid's Tale. 	Assessment: Formative assessment on how chosen theme / character is presented in an extract in prose text (May). Full mock examination for Paper 2 (June). Science & Society EITHER 7 Compare the ways in which the writers of your two chosen texts explore the importance of hope. You must relate your discussion to relevant contextual factors.	Careers – job roles: Actor / Actress Archivist Artistic director Casting director Digital copywriter Director Editorial assistant Education consultant Librarian Magazine journalist Marketing executive Media researcher	Common misconceptions:

how writers use and adapt language, form and Newspaper journalist structure in texts, responding critically and creatively (Total for Question 7 = 40 marks) Playwright • show knowledge and understanding of a range of Producer literary texts and make connections and explore the Public relations officer 8 Compare the ways in which the writers of your two relationships between texts Publishing copyeditor • show knowledge and understanding of the ways chosen texts criticise human behaviour. Teacher texts can be grouped and compared to inform Web content manager interpretation Writer You must relate your discussion to relevant contextual • show knowledge and understanding of the factors. contexts in which texts have been produced and <u>Careers – employability</u> received and understanding of how these contexts (Total for Question 8 = 40 marks) links: Aiming high influence meaning • identify and explore how attitudes and values are **Literacy** expressed in texts **Creativity** • communicate fluently, accurately and effectively Numeracy Leadership Independence their knowledge, understanding and evaluation of Prior to the end of the summer term, students will be Listening Communication expected to submit a full draft proposal for completion of texts • use literary critical concepts and terminology with their NEA unit. **Presenting** understanding and discrimination **Teamwork** • make appropriate use of the conventions of writing Reading of texts should take place over the summer break Problem solving Staying in literary studies, referring accurately and and students should return ready to begin their first draft. positive appropriately to texts and sources.

YEAR 13 Autumn 1 & 2	Content, Skills & Objectives	T&L resources & Key Words (vocabulary focus for NHTW)	Marking & Feedback: Assessment & Homework	CEIAG opps including roles and competencies	Standardisation/ Moderation
	Paper 2 (Prose)	T&L resources:	Assessment:	Careers – job roles:	Common
	A Handmaid's Tale by Margaret Attwood (Teacher A) NEA (Coursework unit)	PowerPoint resources available on shared area covering summaries, commentaries, analysis and	Full mock examination for Paper 1 and 2. Partial Paper 3.	Actor / Actress Archivist	misconceptions: Analysis of form and
	A comparative essay of two literature texts: student choice (Teacher B) and Paper 3 (Modern Poetry) Revision	evaluation of key scenes and appropriate activities for lessons.	Science & Society EITHER	Artistic director Casting director	structure, confusion between the two.
	Students are required to:	Interactive resources available for teaching of social and historical context surrounding texts: memory recall	7 Compare the ways in which the writers of your two chosen texts explore the importance of hope.	Digital copywriter Director	Exploring alternative
	 show knowledge and understanding of how genre features and conventions operate in prose fiction texts show knowledge and understanding of a range of ways to 	 map. Philip Allan Literature Guide publications on A Handmaid's Tale. 	You must relate your discussion to relevant contextual factors.	Editorial assistant Education consultant Librarian	interpretations / different views of character and theme.
	read texts, including reading for detail of how writers use and adapt language, form and structure in texts,	York Notes Advanced publications on A Handmaid's Tale.		Magazine journalist Marketing executive	Errors in application of
	responding critically and creatively • show knowledge and understanding of a range of literary	All students have their own copy of the anthology printed for annotation. Students are provided with a clean copy	8 Compare the ways in which the writers of your two chosen texts criticise human behaviour.	Media researcher Newspaper journalist	social and historical context e.g. bolted on
	texts and make connections and explore the relationships between texts	for the examination.	You must relate your discussion to relevant contextual	Playwright Producer	context rather than relevant and
	show knowledge and understanding of the ways texts can be grouped and compared to inform interpretation	All of the following poems must be taught alongside unseen poetry skills. Students will be expected to	factors.	Public relations officer Publishing copyeditor	appropriate contextual information which is
	show knowledge and understanding of the contexts in which texts have been produced and received and understanding of how those contexts influence mapping.	compare one of the named poems to an unseen poem:Eat Me by Patience Agbabi	Drama SECTION A	Teacher Web content manager	integrated into analytical writing.
	 understanding of how these contexts influence meaning identify and explore how attitudes and values are expressed in texts 	 Chainsaw Versus the Pampas Grass by Simon Armitage Material by Ros Barber 	SECTION A EITHER Explore how Shakespeare uses imagery in Othello. You must	Writer Careers – employability links:	Omission of consideration of
	communicate fluently, accurately and effectively their knowledge, understanding and evaluation of texts	History by John BurnsideAn Easy Passage by Julia Copus	relate your discussion to relevant contextual factors and ideas from your critical reading.	Aiming high Literacy	writer's intentions and

	The state of the s	T	T	T	
	 use literary critical concepts and terminology with understanding and discrimination make appropriate use of the conventions of writing in literary studies, referring accurately and appropriately to texts and sources. 	 The Deliverer by Tishani Doshi The Lammas Hireling by Ian Duhig To My Nine-Year-Old Self by Helen Dunmore A Minor Role by U.A. Fanthorpe The Gun by Vicki Feaver The Furthest Distances I've Travelled by Leontia Flynn Giuseppe by Roderick Ford Out of the Bag by Seamus Heaney Effects by Alan Jenkins Genetics by Sinead Morrissey From the Journal of a Disappointed Man by Andrew Motion Look We Have Coming to Dover! by Daljit Nagra Please Hold by Ciaran O'Driscoll On Her Blindness by Adam Thorpe Ode on a Grayson Perry Urn by Tim Turnbull Vocabulary focus (glossary of literary terms found here): https://www.waleshigh.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/07/English-Lang-Lit-Form-Structure-and-Style-glossary.pdf	OR Explore how Shakespeare presents the theme of honour in Othello. You must relate your discussion to relevant contextual factors and ideas from your critical reading. SECTION B A Streetcar Named Desire, Tennessee Williams EITHER Explore how Williams presents marriage in A Streetcar Named Desire. You must relate your discussion to relevant contextual factors. OR Explore how Williams presents the play's opening in A Streetcar Named Desire. You must relate your discussion to relevant contextual factors.	Creativity Numeracy Leadership Independence Listening Communication Presenting Teamwork Problem solving Staying positive	motives when analysing techniques / methods.
<u>Spring</u> 1 & 2	Content, Skills & Objectives	T&L resources & Key Words (vocabulary focus for NHTW)	Marking & Feedback: Assessment & Homework	CEIAG opps including roles and competencies	Standardisation/ Moderation
	Paper 3 (Poetry): Section B Romantics (Teacher A) Revision of key texts and NEA (Teacher B) Students are required to: • show knowledge and understanding of the function of genre features and conventions in poetry • show knowledge and understanding of a range of ways to read texts, including reading for detail of how writers use and adapt language, form and structure in texts, responding critically and creatively • show knowledge and understanding of a range of literary texts and make connections and explore the relationships between texts • show knowledge and understanding of the ways texts can be grouped and compared to inform interpretation • show knowledge and understanding of the contexts in which texts have been produced and received and understanding of how these contexts influence meaning • communicate fluently, accurately and effectively their knowledge, understanding and critical evaluation of texts • identify and explore how attitudes and values are expressed in texts • use literary critical concepts and terminology with understanding and discrimination • make appropriate use of the conventions of writing in literary studies referring accurately and appropriately to texts and sources.	T&L resources: PowerPoint resources available on shared area covering each poem. Interactive resources available for teaching of social and historical context surrounding texts. Vocabulary focus (glossary of literary terms found here): https://www.waleshigh.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/07/English-Lang-Lit-Form-Structure-and-Style-glossary.pdf	Assessment Full Mock Paper 1, 2 and 3. Questions TBC	Careers – job roles: Actor / Actress Archivist Artistic director Casting director Digital copywriter Director Editorial assistant Education consultant Librarian Careers – employability links: Aiming high Literacy Creativity Numeracy Leadership Independence Listening Communication Presenting Teamwork Problem solving Staying positive	Common misconceptions:

<u>Summer</u> 1 & 2	Content, Skills & Objectives	T&L resources & Key Words (vocabulary focus for NHTW)	Marking & Feedback: Assessment & Homework	CEIAG opps including roles and competencies	Standardisation/ Moderation
	Paper 3 (Poetry): Section B Romantics (Teacher A) Completion Revision of key texts (Teacher B)	PowerPoint resources available on shared area covering each poem. Resources on drama and prose texts to be revisited as part of class revision. Interactive resources available for teaching of social and historical context surrounding texts. Vocabulary focus (glossary of literary terms found here): https://www.waleshigh.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/07/English-Lang-Lit-Form-Structure-and-Style-glossary.pdf	No further formal mock examinations at this stage. All inclass assessments should focus on individual and class areas for development. This could be linked to text, character or theme.	Careers – job roles: Magazine journalist Marketing executive Media researcher Newspaper journalist Playwright Producer Public relations officer Publishing copyeditor Teacher Web content manager Writer	Common misconceptions:
				Careers – employability links: Aiming high Literacy Creativity Numeracy Leadership Independence Listening Communication Teamwork Problem solving Staying positive	